



Junior Cycle History Learning Outcomes

The History of Ireland





The History of Europe and the Wider World



Developing Historical Consciousness

- 1.1 develop a sense of historical empathy by viewing people, issues and events encountered in their study of the past in their historical context
- 1.2 consider contentious or controversial issues in history from more than one perspective and discuss the historical roots of a contentious or controversial issue or theme in the contemporary world
- 1.3 appreciate their cultural inheritance through recognising historically significant places and buildings and discussing why historical personalities, events and issues are commemorated
- 1.4 demonstrate awareness of historical concepts, such as source and evidence; fact and opinion; viewpoint and objectivity; cause and consequence; change and continuity; time and space

Working With Evidence

- 1.5 investigate the job of the historian, including how s/he finds and uses evidence to form historical judgements which may be revised and reinterpreted in the light of new evidence
- 1.6 debate the usefulness and limitations of different types of primary and secondary sources of historical evidence, such as written, visual, aural, oral and tactile evidence; and appreciate the contribution of archaeology and new technology to historical enquiry
- 1.7 develop historical judgements based on evidence about personalities, issues and events in the past, showing awareness of historical significance
- 1.8 investigate a repository of historical evidence such as a museum, library, heritage centre, digital or other archive or exhibition

Acquiring the Big Picture

- 1.9 demonstrate awareness of the significance of the history of Ireland and of Europe and the wider world across carious dimensions, including political, social, economic, religious, cultural and scientific dimensions.
- 1.10 demonstrate chronological awareness by creating and maintaining timelines to locate personalities, issues and events in their appropriate historical eras
- 1.11 make connections and comparisons between people, issues and events in different places and historical eras

Recognising Key Changes

- 2.1 recognise how a pattern of settlement and plantation influenced identity on the island of Ireland, referring to one example of a pattern of settlement, such as the growth of towns, and one plantation
- 2.2 investigate the role and significance of two leaders involved in the parliamentary tradition in Irish politics
- 2.3 explore how the physical force tradition impacted on Irish politics, with particular reference to a pre-twentieth century example of a rebellion
- 2.4 examine the rise and impact of nationalism and unionism in Ireland, including key events between 1911 and 1923.
- 2.5 identify the causes, course and consequences of the Northern Ireland Troubles and their impact on North-South and Anglo-Irish relations

Exploring People, Culture & Ideas

- 2.6 consider the historical significance of Christianity on the island of Ireland, including its contribution to culture and society in the Early Christian period
- 2.7 investigate the causes, course and consequences, nationally and internationally, of the Great Famine, and examine the significance of the Irish Diaspora
- 2.8 describe the impact of war on the lives of Irish people, referring to either World War One or World War Two
- 2.9 explain how the experience of women in Irish society changed during the twentieth century
- $2.10\ \mbox{examine}$ how one sporting, cultural or social movement impacted on Irish life

Applying Historical Thinking

- 2.11 make connections between local, personal or family history and wider national and/or international personalities, issues and events
- 2.12 debate the idea that the 1960s was an important decade on the island of Ireland, referring to relevant personalities, issues and events
- 2.13 analyse the evolution and development of Ireland's links with Europe

Cycle History Learning

Outcomes

Junior

Recognising Key Changes

- 3.1 investigate the lives of people in one ancient or medieval civilisation of their choosing, explaining how the actions and/or achievements of that civilisation contributed to the history of Europe and/or the wider world
- 3.2 evaluate the impact of conquest and colonisation on people, with particular reference to Portuguese and Spanish exploration
- 3.3 examine the causes, course and consequences of one revolution in pre-twentieth century Europe and/or the wider world
- 3.4 discuss the general causes and course of World War One or World War Two and the immediate and long-term impact of the war on people and nations
- 3.5 recognise the importance of the Cold War in international relations in the twentieth-century world

Exploring People. Culture & Changes

- 3.6 explore life and death in medieval times
- 3.7 appreciate change in the fields of the arts and science, with particular reference to the significance of the Renaissance
- 3.8 consider the historical importance of religion, with particular reference to the Reformation and the actions of one Reformer
- 3.9 examine life in one fascist country and one communist country in the twentieth century
- $3.10\ \mbox{explore}$ the significance of genocide, including the causes, course and consequences of the Holocaust

Applying Historical Thinking

- $3.11\ \mbox{explore}$ the contribution of technological developments and innovation to historical change
- 3.12 evaluate the role of a movement or organisation, such as the European Union or United Nations, in promoting international cooperation, justice and human rights
- 3.13 debate the idea that the 1960s was an important decade in Europe and the wider world, referring to relevant personalities, issues and events
- 3.14 illustrate patterns of change across different time periods in a chosen theme relating to life and society (such as, Crime and punishment; Food and drink; Work and leisure; Fashion and appearance or Health and medicine)



