

Welcome!

To download all supports onto your device,

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https://bit.ly/AllSetB





All Set?

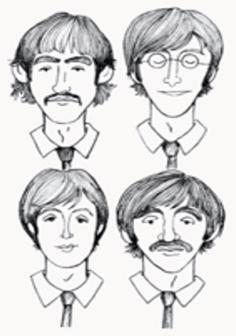
Approaches to the Learning of the Leaving Certificate Set Works B

Spring Sessions Saturday, 20th April 2024









Schedule



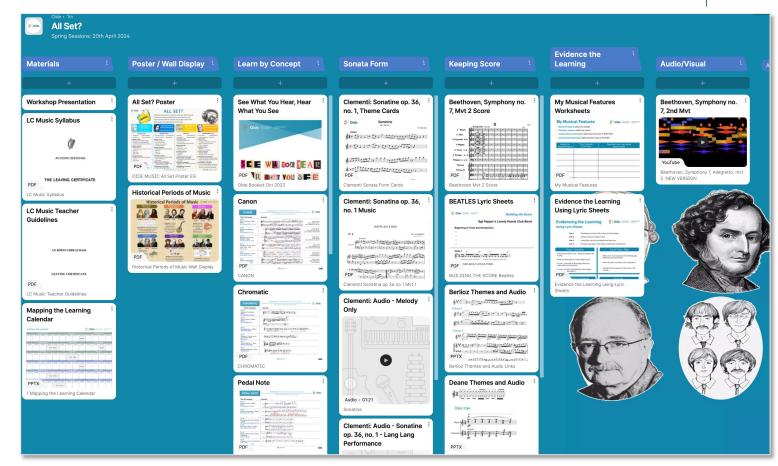
10:00 Welcome

10:05 Session 1

11:10 Tea / Coffee

11:30 Session 2

12:50 Reflections



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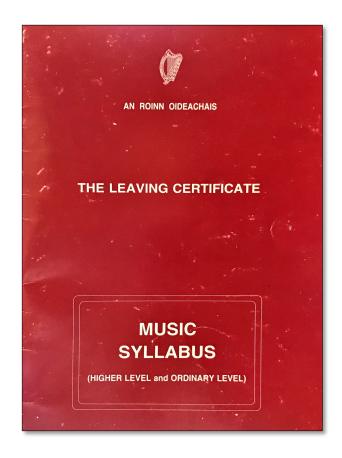


eacher alk



Key Documents





AN ROINN OIDEACHAIS

LEAVING CERTIFICATE

MUSIC

DRAFT GUIDELINES FOR TEACHERS

Download from curriculumonline.ie

Leaving Certificate
Syllabus

Leaving Certificate
Guidelines

Learning together, we will...



- → map the Set Works for our 5th and 6th year students
- understand, identify and describe the musical features used
- study the musical style, its historical context and stylistic features
- analyse and describe the repetition and changes in the themes
- make comparative judgements about the music

Sep 2024 – Jun 2025



5th Year Students

Berlioz Symphonie Fantastique, Mvts II & IV

Deane Seachanges with Danse Macabre

Lennon/McCartney Sgt Pepper Album

Mozart Piano Concerto no. 23

6th Year Students

Bach Cantata no. 78 Jesu, der du meine Seele

Barry Piano Quartet no. 1

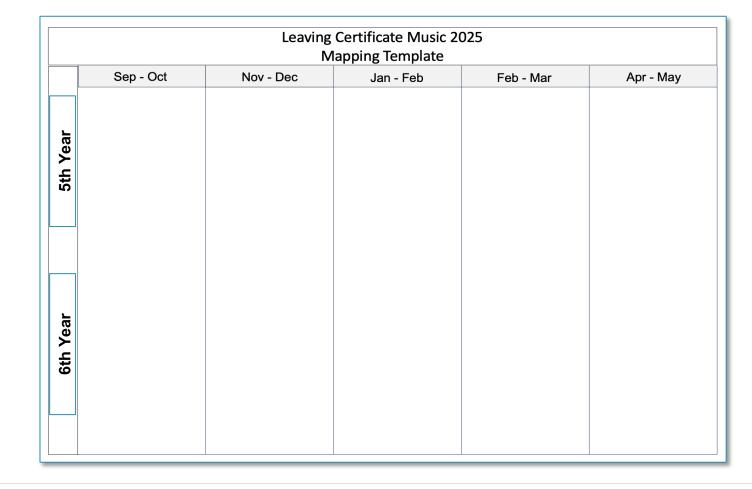
Mercury/Queen Bohemian Rhapsody

Tchaikovsky Romeo & Juliet Fantasy Overture

Mapping the Learning for LC Music 2025

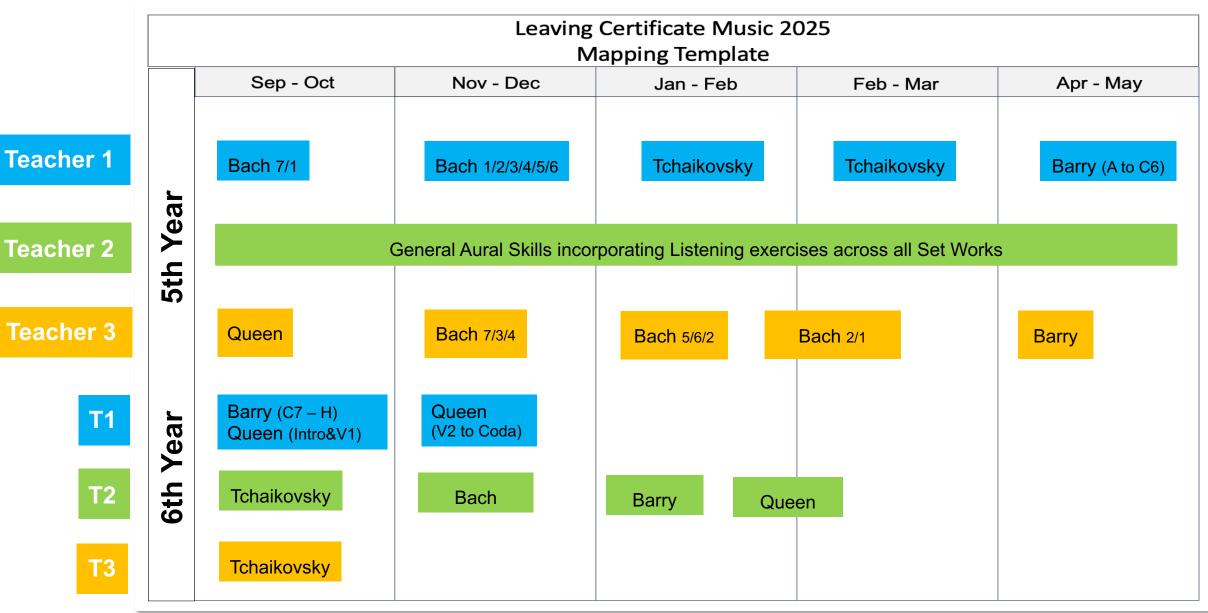


- Asked 3 Music Teachers from 3 different school contexts
- Set Works only
- Rationale
- Innovate?



Possible Strategies - Set Works A





Map the Learning for 6th Year Students



| Leaving Certificate Music 2025 Mapping Template | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| | Sep - Oct | Nov - Dec | Jan - Feb | Feb - Mar | Apr - May | | | | |
| 5 th Year | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 th Year | | | | | | | | | |

Map how you intend to engage with the Set Works A for 6th Year LC2025



Possible Strategy - Set Works B 5th Year Students - LC2026



5th Year

- Aural Skills
- Mozart (Mvts 1 and 2)
- Berlioz (Mvts 2 and 4)
- Deane

6th Year

- Mozart (Mvt 3)
- The Beatles (3 Songs)
- Revision of Set Works and Aural Skills

Considerations for Mapping Set Works B



- Identify the learning to be engaged with for each set work
- How might we harness the power of prior learning to support this learning? Might this affect how you map across the senior cycle?
- What pre-teaching and learning needs to be in place for students to have an optimised experience?
- Where can meaningful connections be made to the learning inherent in other aspects of this course?

Mapping the Learning for 5th Year Students



| September 2024 | | | | | October 2024 | | | | November 2024 | | | |
|----------------|----------|------------|----------|------------|--------------|----------|----------|----------|---------------|----------|----------|---------|
| Mon 02nd | Mon 09th | Mon 16th | Mon 23rd | Mon 30th | Mon 07th | Mon 14th | Mon 21st | Mon 28th | Mon 04th | Mon 11th | Mon 18th | Mon 25 |
| | | | | | | | | Mid-Term | | | | |
| December 2024 | | | | | January 2025 | | | | February 2025 | | | |
| Mon 02nd | Mon 09th | Mon 16th | Mon 23rd | Mon 30th | Mon 06th | Mon 13th | Mon 20th | Mon 27th | Mon 03rd | Mon 10th | Mon 17th | Mon 24t |
| | | | School | Holidays | | | | | | | Mid-Term | |
| March 2025 | | | | April 2025 | | | | May 2025 | | | | |
| Mon 03rd | Mon 10th | Mon 17th | Mon 24th | Mon 31st | Mon 07th | Mon 14th | Mon 21st | Mon 28th | Mon 05th | Mon 12th | Mon 19th | Mon 26t |
| | | | | | | School | Holidays | | | | | |
| | Se | ptember 20 |)25 | | October 2025 | | | | November 2025 | | | |
| Mon 01st | Mon 08th | Mon 15th | Mon 22nd | Mon 29th | Mon 06th | Mon 13th | Mon 20th | Mon 27th | Mon 03rd | Mon 10th | Mon 17th | Mon 24 |
| | | | | | | | | Mid-Term | | | | |
| | D | ecember 20 | 25 | | January 2026 | | | | February 2026 | | | |
| Mon 01st | Mon 08th | Mon 15th | Mon 22nd | Mon 29th | Mon 05th | Mon 12th | Mon 19th | Mon 26th | Mon 02nd | Mon 09th | Mon 16th | Mon 23r |
| | | | School | Holidays | | | | | | | | |
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| | | | | School | Holidays | | | | | | | |

Map when you might engage with the learning of Set Works B for LC2026



The Learning...

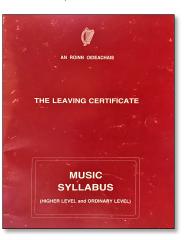


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- understand, identify and describe the range of musical features used
- study its musical style and place it in its historical context
- be able to analyse and describe patterns of repetition and change within the music

Higher level students must also demonstrate an ability to...

make comparative judgments about music



Learning by Concept



'Teaching by topic is an imaginative way of giving unity to lessons. When combined with an integrated approach, teaching by topic can enable the learners to engage a number of syllabus requirements simultaneously'

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DRAFT GUIDELINES FOR TEACHERS

Supporting this learning





- CLASSICAL STYLE
- Classical Orchestra

MOZART'S STYLE

- Florid scale & arpeggio passages Modulations to unexpected keys
- Use of Sonata and Sonata Rondo form
- MELODIC FEATURES
- Repeated notes
- Ornamented: Grace notes / Turn / Trill
- Sequence
- Wide leaps
- Wide range

RHYTHMIC FEATURES

- Dotted / Triplets / Demi-Semiguavers
- Anacrusis
- Syncopation

COMPOSITIONAL TECHNIQUES

Canon / Dialogue / Cadential 6/ Parallel 3rds, 8ves and 10ths / Tonic and Dominant Pedal Notes



ALL SET?

- ♪ Study the musical style, its historical context and stylistic features
- Understand, identify and describe the musical features used
- Analyse and describe the repetition and changes in the themes



Symphonie Fantastique **Hector Berlioz**





- Backbeat
- Catchy Melodies
- Rock Instruments
- - → Experimental Recording Techniques
- Innovative rhythms

MELODIC FEATURES

ROMANTIC STYLE

Dramatic Dynamics 1 Lyrical Melodies

Programme Music | Big Orchestra

BERLIOZ'S STYLE

Master Orchestrator

Use of the Ideé Fixe

Irregular phrase lengths

- Repeated notes / Descending Scale
- Sigh motif
- Sequence
- Chromatic

RHYTHMIC FEATURES

- Dotted rhythms / Heartbeat rhythm
- Triplets / Sextuplets
- Syncopation

COMPOSITIONAL TECHNIQUES Canon / Variation / Dialogue / Tonic

and Dominant Pedal Notes

INSTRUMENTAL TECHNIQUES

Tremolo / Glissando / Pizzicato

This learning is neither prescriptive nor exhaustive



1960s STYLE

- Rock Ballad

- THE BEATLES' STYLE Fusions with other styles
- Word-painting

MELODIC FEATURES

- Chromatic
- ▶ Flattened 3rd and 7th
- Repeated notes

RHYTHMIC FEATURES Syncopation

- Backbeat
- Rhythm played with a 'swing'

COMPOSITIONAL TECHNIQUES

Counterpoint / Tonic pedal / Parallel

RECORDING TECHNIQUES

Multi-tracking / Overdubbing / Reverb

INSTRUMENTAL TECHNIQUES

Tremolo / Slide

CONTEMPORARY STYLE

- ♪ Changing Metres Dissonance
- Extreme Registers > Polymetre

DEANE'S STYLE Diatonic vs atonal

- Use of Dies Irae plainchant melody
- Extreme changes of Dynamics
- Order and disorder

MELODIC FEATURES Inversion

Melodic Transformation

RHYTHMIC FEATURES

Totentanz rhythm Sextuplets / Demi-Semiguavers

COMPOSITIONAL TECHNIQUES

3-note Cell / Addition / Augmentation/ Canon / Diminution / Inversion / Pedal / Retrograde / Subtraction

INSTRUMENTAL TECHNIQUES

3 x Pizz / Col legno Battuto / Glissando/ Harmonics / Laisser vibrer / Sul tasto / Tremolo / Sul Ponticello / Martellato





Considering the quote from the guidelines, how might you use this support to enable the learning of musical features with your students?



Supporting this learning



















Considering the integrated nature of learning music, share how might you engage your students with this learning



Possible Strategy – Evidence this Learning



My Musical Features



- · Melodic Features affect the melody
- · Rhythmic features affect the rhythm
- · Compositional techniques affect how the music is WRITTEN
- Instrumental techniques affect how the music is PLAYED

| Identify the Musical Feature | Title & Composer of the Piece | Describe in your own words what you hear |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
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- Learn aurally
- Connecting the ear to the eye
- Other examples of this learning across each set work
- Describe NOT define
- Confident and competent learners

Supporting this learning







ALL SET?

- ▶ Study the musical style, its historical context and stylistic features
- ↓ Understand, identify and describe the musical features used
- ▶ Analyse and describe the repetition and changes in the themes
- Make comparative judgements about the music





CLASSICAL STYLE

- Alberti Bass Elegant Melodies
- Sonata Form Classical Orchestra

MOZART'S STYLE

- ▶ Florid scale & arpeggio passages
- Modulations to unexpected keys
- Use of Sonata and Sonata Rondo form

MELODIC FEATURES

- Repeated notes
- Ornamented: Grace notes / Turn / Trill
- Sequence
- Wide leaps
- Wide range

RHYTHMIC FEATURES

- Dotted / Triplets / Demi-Semiguavers
- Anacrusis
- Syncopation

COMPOSITIONAL TECHNIQUES

Canon / Dialogue / Cadential ⁶/₄ / Parallel 3rds, 8ves and 10ths / Tonic and Dominant Pedal Notes



Symphonie **Fantastique**

Hector Berlioz

ROMANTIC STYLE

- Dramatic Dynamics 1 Lyrical Melodies
- Programme Music Big Orchestra

BERLIOZ'S STYLE

- Master Orchestrator
- ↓ Use of the Ideé Fixe
- Irregular phrase lengths
- Innovative rhythms

MELODIC FEATURES

- Repeated notes / Descending Scale
- Sigh motif
- Sequence
- → Chromatic

RHYTHMIC FEATURES

- Dotted rhythms / Heartbeat rhythm
- Triplets / Sextuplets
- Syncopation

COMPOSITIONAL TECHNIQUES

Canon / Variation / Dialogue / Tonic and Dominant Pedal Notes

INSTRUMENTAL TECHNIQUES

Tremolo / Glissando / Pizzicato



1960s STYLE

- Backbeat
- Catchy Melodies
- Rock Ballad
- Rock Instruments

THE BEATLES' STYLE

- Fusions with other styles
- Word-painting
- Experimental Recording Techniques

MELODIC FEATURES

- Chromatic
- → Flattened 3rd and 7th
- Repeated notes

RHYTHMIC FEATURES

- Syncopation
- Backbeat
- Rhythm played with a 'swing'

COMPOSITIONAL TECHNIQUES

Counterpoint / Tonic pedal / Parallel 3rds & 6ths

RECORDING TECHNIQUES

Multi-tracking / Overdubbing / Reverb

INSTRUMENTAL TECHNIQUES

Tremolo / Slide



CONTEMPORARY STYLE

- Dissonance
- Changing Metres
- Extreme Registers > Polymetre

DEANE'S STYLE

- Diatonic vs atonal
- Use of Dies Irae plainchant melody
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- Order and disorder

MELODIC FEATURES

- Inversion
- Melodic Transformation

RHYTHMIC FEATURES

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COMPOSITIONAL TECHNIQUES

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INSTRUMENTAL TECHNIQUES

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What other learning about the Set Works will you engage with that is not referenced in this support?







The Learning...

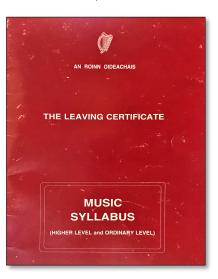


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Higher level students must also demonstrate an ability to...

make comparative judgments about music



Supporting this learning





ALL SET?

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Symphonie Fantastique

Hector Berlioz

ROMANTIC STYLE

Repeated notes / Descending Scale

Dotted rhythms / Heartbeat rhythm

Canon / Variation / Dialogue / Tonic

- Elegant Melodies Dramatic Dynamics 1 Lyrical Melodies
- Sonata Form

 Classical Orchestra Programme Music | Big Orchestra

Master Orchestrator

Use of the Ideé Fixe

Innovative rhythms

MELODIC FEATURES

RHYTHMIC FEATURES

♪ Triplets / Sextuplets

COMPOSITIONAL TECHNIQUES

and Dominant Pedal Notes

INSTRUMENTAL TECHNIQUES

Tremolo / Glissando / Pizzicato

Sigh motif

Sequence

Chromatic

Syncopation

Irregular phrase lengths

MOZART'S STYLE BERLIOZ'S STYLE

- ♪ Florid scale & arpeggio passages Modulations to unexpected keys
- Use of Sonata and Sonata Rondo form

CLASSICAL STYLE

MELODIC FEATURES

- Repeated notes
- Ornamented: Grace notes / Turn / Trill
- Sequence
- Wide leaps
- Wide range

RHYTHMIC FEATURES

- Dotted / Triplets / Demi-Semiguavers
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COMPOSITIONAL TECHNIQUES

Canon / Dialogue / Cadential 🖟 / Parallel 3rds, 8ves and 10ths / Tonic and Dominant Pedal Notes

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Backbeat

Rock Ballad

THE BEATLES' STYLE

Fusions with other styles

1960s STYLE

Experimental Recording Techniques

Catchy Melodies

Rock Instruments



- Dissonance
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MELODIC FEATURES Chromatic

Word-painting

- Flattened 3rd and 7th
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RHYTHMIC FEATURES Syncopation

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- Rhythm played with a 'swing'

COMPOSITIONAL TECHNIQUES

Counterpoint / Tonic pedal / Parallel 3rds & 6ths

RECORDING TECHNIQUES

Multi-tracking / Overdubbing / Reverb

INSTRUMENTAL TECHNIQUES

Tremolo / Slide

This learning is neither prescriptive nor exhaustive

CONTEMPORARY STYLE

Extreme Registers 🌙 Polymetre

DEANE'S STYLE

- Diatonic vs atonal

MELODIC FEATURES

- Inversior
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RHYTHMIC FEATURES

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INSTRUMENTAL TECHNIQUES

3 x Pizz / Col legno Battuto / Glissando/ Harmonics / Laisser vibrer / Sul tasto / Tremolo / Sul Ponticello / Martellato







How might you use this support to enable learning of musical style and context with your students?



Historical Context





Share what pieces of music you have used to support this learning



Evidence this Learning – Historical Context



Identify the three excerpts heard from this list of six. In each case give a reason for your choice.

Britten - Four Sea Interludes (no. 1)

Haydn - Symphony no. 100 (2nd movement)

Puccini - Tosca (aria)

Debussy - La Mer

Tchaikovsky - Symphony no. 6 (1st movement)

Bach - Christmas Oratorio (air)







Possible Strategy – Evidence the Learning



- Compile a list of all the pieces engaged with at Junior Cycle
- As you engage your Senior Cycle students with a 'new' piece, add to this list
- Use this style of questioning to deepen their understanding of historical periods, types of pieces, musical features and different composers

Possible Strategy - Sonata Form



As you listen to the following piece, place these themes in the order in which they are heard



Label them as per Section and Subject













Possible Strategy - Sonata Form



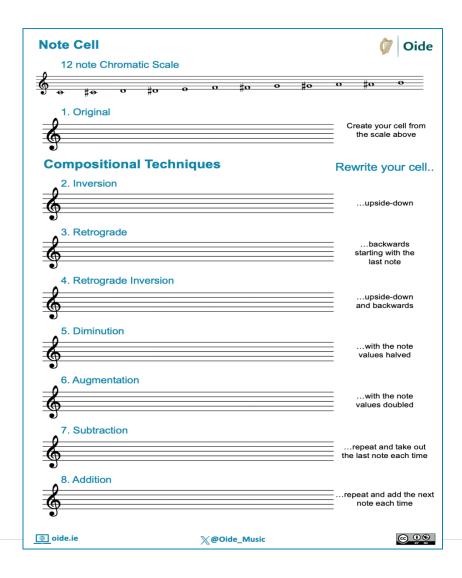


- Exposition
 - 1st Subject C major 2nd Subject G major
- **Development C minor**
- **○** Recapitulation

1st Subject C major2nd Subject C major

Possible Strategy - Compositional Techniques

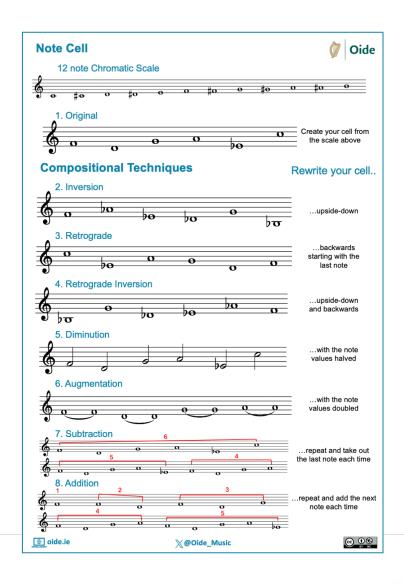




Complete the tasks outlined on this support

Possible Strategy - Compositional Techniques





How might this learning deepen students' learning of compositional techniques across Set Works B?



Teacher Talk



What other learning experiences might help students develop their understanding of musical style and historical context?



The Learning...

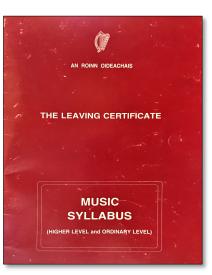


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Higher level students must also demonstrate an ability to...

make comparative judgments about music



Possible Strategies – Learning the Theme

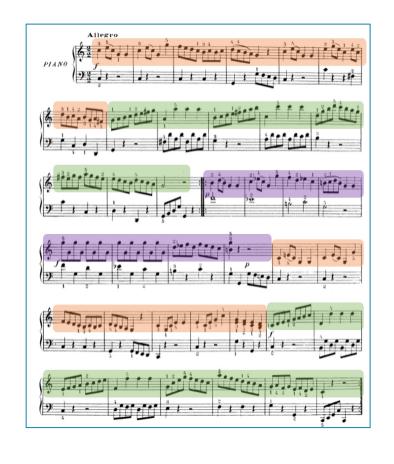


- Listen, Listen
- Is there a particular meaning or significance to the theme?
- Sing / Clap / Play along (by ear)
- Sing / Clap / Play along with the score (single line / reduced / full?)
- Identify aural signposts (by ear)
- Analyse the musical features of the theme (by ear and eye)
- Evidence the learning through contextual listening
- Map the theme when and how is this theme re-stated?

Possible Strategy - The Skill of Analysis



- Identify for the students the specific musical features that you want them to find
- Students organise these features by type
- Progress this learning by removing the initial scaffold



Triadic Repeated Notes Parallel 3rds Sequence Stepwise movement

Modulation Inversion Alberti Bass Octave leaps Pedal note

Possible Strategies – Contextual Listening



 Use the themes from set works to support dictation skills, which in turn support students' familiarity with the set works



- Start with simple questions
 - 1. Does the missing bar have the same rhythm as bar 3 or bar 4?
 - 2. Is the first note of the missing bar higher or lower than the last note of bar 1?
 - 3. What is the melodic shape of the missing bar?

Possible Strategy - Evidence the Learning



Evidence the LearningUsing Lyric Sheets



Line 1 Wednesday morning at five o'clock as the day begins

Line 2 Silently closing her bedroom door

Line 3 Leaving the note that she hoped would say more

Line 4 She goes downstairs to the kitchen clutching her handkerchief

Circle / Underline

- Underline the word in Line 1 where the highest note is sung
- · Circle one word where a chord change occurs
- In Line 2, mark with an X the place where the violins enter for the first time
- In Line 4, on which word does the vocal melody have syncopated rhythm?

Count Pulse / Bars

- After Line 4, how many bars do the Strings play before the next vocal entry?
- · How many bars are heard in the introduction?
- Identify the time signature of the music in this excerpt.

Multiple Choice Questions

· Identify the learning

The rhythm of the vocal part at 'handkerchief' is...
dotted triplet syncopated rhythm

The cadence heard at the end of the excerpt is imperfect perfect interrupted

Identify where the learning occurs

The cello enters for the first time in Line 1...
before the at the after the word 'begins. word 'begins' word 'begins'

· Compare the repetition of phrases

The music of Line 4 is very similar to the music of...
Line 1 Line 2 Line 3

Select the missing idiom



The missing notes at **X** on the score are.



Fill in the..

- Missing chords in the boxes provided
- · Add stems to the melody notes



Complete the missing pitch using the given that here.



· Complete the missing pitch and rhythm



How do we support students with contextual listening?





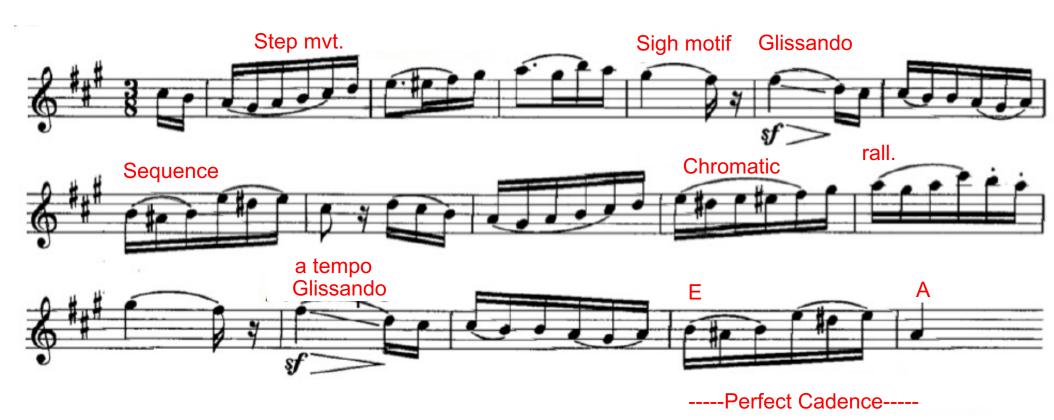




Analyse the Waltz Theme



Mvt. II: Un Bal: Waltz Theme (Th.1)



A Section

A1 Section









Trace the Theme









Trace the Descending Theme



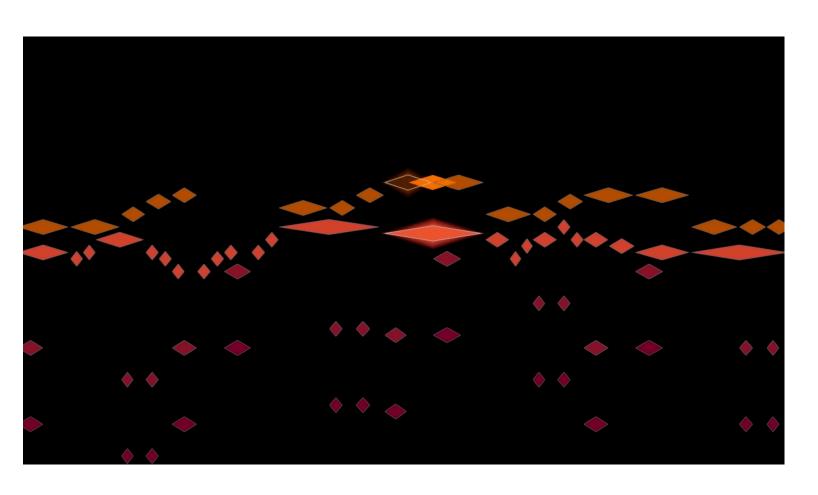
| Exposition | | | | | Development 1 | | Development 2 | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| b. 17-24 G min Mainly Mono. | b. 25-32 G min – Eb maj Poly. | b. 33-40 Eb maj Poly. | b. 41-48 Eb maj - G min Poly. | <u>b. 49-56</u> G min Poly. | <u>bb. 82-88</u> G min | bb. 109-112 G min | b. 114-122 G min Poly. | b. 123-130 G min Homo. | b. 131-135 Db maj Homo. | b. 135-140 Db maj to G min Mono. |
| | | | | | Melody is | s now a | Melody | | | |
| Vc. & Cb. | Vc. & Cb. | Vins | VIns with altered ending | Pizz. Vc. & Cb. with theme in inversion on VIns and VIa with an extended ending | Shortened theme split between all insts. Strs. play pizz and arco. Ends with | Shortened theme split between all insts. Strs. play pizz and arco. Ends with | Tbn, Oph. & Bsn. play 2-bar motif in sequence and then in sequential diminution | played on WW, Bra., Vc. & Cb. | played on WW, Brass, Vc & Cb. now inverted and shortened | Links to Coda. Strs. in unison & octaves play motifs in inversion & diminution |
| | | | | | | descending triplet pizz | | Accompanied by | | |
| | CounterMel. 1 on Fg. | CounterMel. 2 on Vla, Vc. & Cb. | CounterMel. 2 on Vla, Vc. & Cb. | CounterMel. 3 on Fg. | | | Ascending repeated crotchets in Strs. with grace notes Sextuplet motif in WW | Tremolo Strs. and Timp. drum rolls Cymbals and Bass Drum play offbeat crashes | Tremolo Strs. and Timp. drum rolls Cymbals and Bass Drum play offbeat crashes | |

In listening to both of these excerpts, how is the theme treated differently?



Possible Strategy - Keeping Score





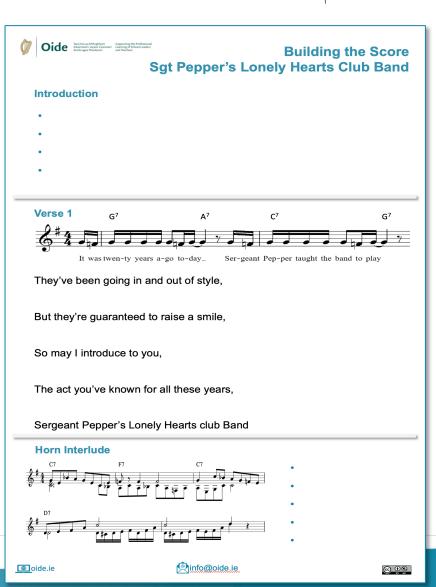
Beethoven, Symphony no. 7, Mvt II, bb. 1 – 100



Possible Strategy – Building the Score



- · Listen, Listen, Listen
- Demonstrate the learning through underline / circle / annotate
- Pinpoint musical features
- Understanding of structure
- Make note of repetition and change
- Musical quotations



Teacher Talk



Share how you have engaged students in the skill of analysis and treatment of themes



The Learning...

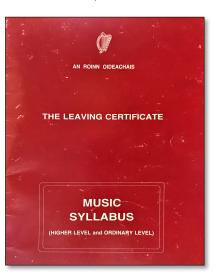


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make comparative judgments about music



Possible Strategy – The Skill of Comparison *Inside* the Set Works



- · Listen, Listen, Listen
- Tracing a theme inside the movement
- Different movements within each work
- Fusion of Styles in The Beatles
- Tracing a theme across the work e.g., Idée Fixe in all 5 movements

Possible Strategy – The Skill of Comparison Outside the Set Works



- Listen, Listen, Listen
- Different performances of the same set work
- Linking the style of the set work with other pieces
 - e.g., Rimsky-Korsakov: Scheherazade, Flight of the Bumblebee

and Stravinsky: Round Dance of the Princesses

The Skill of Comparison – Action Verb



Compare?

Contrast?

Describe?

The Skill of Comparison across the Work



What learning might students use to compare the 3 movements of Mozart's Piano Concerto?

Mvt 1 Allegro

- Sonata form
- A major
- · C

Mvt 2 Adagio

- Ternary form
- F# minor
- 8

Mvt 3 Allegro assai

- Sonata–Rondo form
- A major
- ¢

The Skill of Comparison across the Work



Contrast the styles of two of the songs by the Beatles

She's Leaving Home

- Fusion of Pop with Classical
- Arpeggiated harp accompaniment
- Word painting

Sgt. Pepper

- Fusion of Pop with Rock
- Distorted rhythm & lead guitars
- Shouting speech-like singing

The Skill of Comparison Inside the Work



Contrast the use of instruments in She's Leaving Home with the other two songs by the Beatles on this course

She's Leaving Home

- String Nonet
- Tremolo Violins
- Arpeggiated Harp

Sgt. Pepper

- 4 French Horns
- Contrapuntal Horns
- Driving Drum Backbeat

When I'm 64

- Clarinets & Bass Cl
- Slides on Clarinets
- Vamping Piano

Teacher Talk



How do we support students in developing the skill of comparison?



Teacher Supports



SHEET MUSIC AND RECORDINGS

- ♪ Petrucci Music Library (https://imslp.org/)
- Published editions of scores
- → Youtube/Spotify/Apple Music/CDs/other

REFERENCE MATERIAL

- ♪ Curriculum Support Team materials
- Music dictionary
- ♪ Encyclopedia Brittanica (or other)
- ♪ Academic material e.g., New Grove, Cambridge Companion
- ♪ Primary sources e.g., diaries, letters, interviews

LINKS TO LIVE PERFORMANCES

- National Symphony Orchestra of Ireland performing Symphonie fantastique by Berlioz https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oGM2i1osSZU
- CMC Ireland performance of Seachanges (with Danse Macabre) by Deane
 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ULJgRZ7p3tU

USEFUL WEBSITES

- <u>www.examinations.ie</u>
- <u>www.ppmta.ie</u>
- https://oide.ie/



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Spring Sessions Saturday, 20th April 2024





